Tel. +49(0)911-642960

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: **Lettering Colours White**

· Article number: 11418

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the

Lacquer mixture

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH Manufacturer/Supplier:

Fax. +49(0)911-644456 Lechstrasse 28 D 90451 Nürnberg e-mail info@akemi.de

· Further information obtainable

from:

Laboratory

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Product Safety Department AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH

Tel. +49(0)911-64296-59

Reachable during the following office hours: Monday – Thursday from 07:30 a.m. to 16:30 p.m.

Friday from 07:30 a.m. to 13:30 p.m.

+44 (171) 635 91 91

National Poison Inform. Centre

Medical Toxicology Unit Avalonley Road

London SE14 5ER

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Aerosol 1 H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.



GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation

(EC) No 1272/2008 · Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.





GHS02 GHS07

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components

of labelling:

acetone

n-butyl acetate

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

· Hazard statements H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if

heated.

(Contd. on page 2)



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| <u>Trade name:</u> Lettering Colours W | hite | |
|---|-------------|---|
| | | (Contd. of page 1) |
| | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| · Precautionary statements | P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| | P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| | P103 | Read label before use. |
| | P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| | P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| | P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| | P261 | Avoid breathing spray. |
| | P280 | Wear protective gloves / eye protection. |
| | P305+P351 | 1+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. |
| | | Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| | P312 | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. |
| | P410+P412 | 2 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. |
| | P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Additional information: | EUH066 Re | epeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| | | explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation. |
| · 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| Results of PBT and vPvB asses | | |
| ∙ <u>PBT:</u> | Not applica | |
| · <u>vPvB:</u> | Not applica | ble. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions. · Description:

| white of substances listed below with hormazardous additi | 10110. |
|--|---|
| | |
| acetone Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 | 25-50% |
| dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1, H220; Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 | 12.5-25% |
| propane Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 | <12.5% |
| butane The property of the pr | <10% |
| n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | <10% |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | <10% |
| | acetone Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1, H220; Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 propane Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 butane Flam. Gas 1, H220; Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3, H226 TSTOT SE 3, H336 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |



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| Trade name: Lettering Colours | White | |
|--|--|-----------------|
| | (Co | ntd. of page 2) |
| CAS: 75-28-5 EINECS: 200-857-2 Index number: 601-004-00-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485395-27 | isobutane The Flam. Gas 1, H220; Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 | 1-5% |
| CAS: 64-17-5 EINECS: 200-578-6 Index number: 603-002-00-5 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457610-43 | ethanol Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | 1-5% |
| CAS: 9004-70-0 Index number: 603-037-00-6 | nitrocellulose solutions, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not more than 55% nitrocellulose Flam. Sol. 1, H228 | 1-5% |
| EC number: 905-588-0 Index number: 601-022-00-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119488216-32; 01-2119486136-34 | 7 1 Idili. Elq. 0, 11220 | 1-5% |
| - Additional information: | For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16. | |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

 General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

Position and transport stably in side position.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product. Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

Generally the product does not irritate the skin. After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, After eye contact:

consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

After inhalation:

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Breathing difficulty

Headache Dizziness Dizziness Nausea Coughing Profuse sweating

· Information for doctor: Symptoms in intoxication with (aromatic) hydrocarbons (dosis letalis about 30 g)

a) In acute intoxication: headache, dizziness, euphoria, gastro-intestinal

dysfunction, state of excitement, coma.

b) In chronic intoxication: myelotoxic damage, fatigue, dizziness, emaciation,

cardiac palpitation after physical exercise, leucopenia, anemia, leukosis.

Therapy in hydrocarbons intoxication: In case of inhalation provision of fresh air; in case of peroral intake administration of Carbo medicinalis; only after intubation conduct of gastrolavage in application of Carbo medicinalis; in case of

cramps administration of Diazepam 20 mg intravenously.

· Hazards Danger of impaired breathing.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If swallowed, gastric irrigation with added, activated carbon.

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs.

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(Contd. of page 3)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

 Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol

resistant foam.

· For safety reasons unsuitable

extinguishing agents:

Water with full jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Wear fully protective suit.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with · Additional information

official regulations.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage

system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Keep away from ignition sources.

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course. · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage

system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up: Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Ensure good interior ventilation, especially at floor level. (Fumes are heavier

than air).

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

· Information about fire - and

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture. explosion protection:

Do not spray onto a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

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Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C, i.e. electric lights. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage:

· Requirements to be met by

storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Store in a cool location.

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.

· Information about storage in one

common storage facility:

Store away from oxidising agents.

Store away from foodstuffs.

· Further information about storage

conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Do not seal receptacle gas tight.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight. No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about

design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· 8.1 Control parameters

· 7.3 Specific end use(s)

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

67-64-1 acetone

WEL Short-term value: 3620 mg/m³, 1500 ppm Long-term value: 1210 mg/m³, 500 ppm

115-10-6 dimethyl ether

WEL Short-term value: 958 mg/m³, 500 ppm Long-term value: 766 mg/m³, 400 ppm

106-97-8 butane

WEL Short-term value: 1810 mg/m³, 750 ppm Long-term value: 1450 mg/m³, 600 ppm Carc (if more than 0.1% of buta-1.3-diene)

123-86-4 n-butyl acetate

WEL Short-term value: 966 mg/m³, 200 ppm Long-term value: 724 mg/m³, 150 ppm

108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

WEL Short-term value: 548 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 274 mg/m³, 50 ppm

Sk

64-17-5 ethanol

WEL Long-term value: 1920 mg/m³, 1000 ppm

· DNELs

67-64-1 acetone

Oral DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 62 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) Dermal DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 186 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) 62 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)

2,420 mg/m³ Air (ARB)

Inhalative DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) 1,210-2,420 mg/m³ Air (ARB)

(Contd. on page 6)



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| | Lettering Colours White | | |
|------------|---|---|---------------|
| | | 200 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | (Contd. of pa |
| 115 10 6 4 | dimethyl ether | 200 mg/m² Ali (BEV) | |
| | <u> </u> | 4.004 mg/m3 Air (ADD) | |
| innalalive | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | . , | |
| 400.00.4. | - but december | 471 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| Oral | n-butyl acetate DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 2 mg/kg bw/doy (PEV) | |
| Olai | , , | 2 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| Dermal | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 2 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) 11 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) | |
| Demiai | DNEL (Kuizzeit-akut) | 6 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| | DNEL (Longrait winderhelt) | | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | | |
| Inhalativa | DNEL (Kurzzeit ekut) | 6 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| innaiative | DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 960 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | DNEL (Language Standard all) | 859.7 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | , , | |
| 100.07.0 | | 102.34 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ac | | |
| Oral | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | | |
| Dermal | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt, | 153.5 mg/kg bw/day (ARB) | |
| | | 54.8 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| Inhalative | DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 550 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | 275 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | | 33 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| 64-17-5 et | | 1 | |
| Oral | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | 87 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| Dermal | DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 950 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt | | |
| | | 206 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| Inhalative | DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 1,900 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | | 950 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | 950 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | | 114 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| reaction r | nass of ethylbenzole and x | • | |
| Oral | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | | |
| Dermal | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | | |
| | | 108 mg/kg bw/day (BEV) | |
| Inhalative | DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut) | 289-442 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | | 260 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| | DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt) | 77 mg/m³ Air (ARB) | |
| | | 14.8-65.3 mg/m³ Air (BEV) | |
| PNECs | | | |
| 67-64-1 ad | cetone | | |
| PNEC (wä | issrig) 100 mg/l (KA) | | |
| | 1.06 mg/l (MW) | | |
| | 10.6 mg/l (SW) | | |
| | 21 mg/l (WAS) | | |
| PNEC (fee | _ ` ` ` ' | ow (PO) | |



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| nde name: Lette | ring Colours White | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | (Contd. of page |
| | 3.04 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | (00:114: 0: pag |
| | 30.4 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| 115-10-6 dimet | hyl ether | |
| PNEC (wässrig) | 160 mg/l (KA) | |
| , , | 0.016 mg/l (MW) | |
| | 0.155 mg/l (SW) | |
| PNEC (fest) | 0.045 mg/kg Trockengew (BO) | |
| , , | 0.0681 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | |
| | 0.681 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| 123-86-4 n-buty | | |
| | 35.6 mg/l (KA) | |
| , , | 0.018 mg/l (MW) | |
| | 0.18 mg/l (SW) | |
| | 0.36 mg/l (WAS) | |
| PNEC (fest) | 0.0903 mg/kg Trockengew (BO) | |
| , , | 0.0981 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | |
| | 0.981 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| 108-65-6 2-met | hoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | |
| PNEC (wässrig) | | |
| , , | 0.0635 mg/l (MW) | |
| | 0.635 mg/l (SW) | |
| | 6.35 mg/l (WAS) | |
| PNEC (fest) | 0.29 mg/kg Trockengew (BO) | |
| , , | 0.329 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | |
| | 3.29 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| 64-17-5 ethano | | |
| PNEC (wässrig) | 580 mg/l (KA) | |
| , , | 0.79 mg/l (MW) | |
| | 0.96 mg/l (SW) | |
| | 2.75 mg/l (WAS) | |
| PNEC (fest) | 0.63 mg/kg Trockengew (BO) | |
| , , | 0.72 mg/kg Trockengew (FUT) | |
| | 2.9 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | |
| | 3.6 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| reaction mass | of ethylbenzole and xylole | |
| | 6.58 mg/l (KA) | |
| | 0.327 mg/l (MW) | |
| | 0.327 mg/l (SW) | |
| PNEC (fest) | 2.31 mg/kg Trockengew (BO) | |
| | 12.46 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS) | |
| | 12.46 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS) | |
| Additional inform | | pasis. |

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

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· Protection of hands:

(Contd. of page 7)

Clean skin thoroughly immediately after handling the product.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Short term filter device: · Respiratory protection:

Filter A/P2

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter without use of

protective gloves:

STOKO EMULSION (http://www.stoko.com) STOKODERM (http://www.stoko.com)

Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter in application

and combination of protective gloves: STOKO EMULSION (http://www.stoko.com)

Skin protection recommendation for skin cleaning after product handling:

SOLOPOL (http://www.stoko.com) Kresto Classic (http://debstoko.com)

Skin protection agent recommendation for skin aftercare:

STOKO VITAN (http://www.stoko.com)

The protection gloves to be used have to comply with the specifications of the directive 89/686/EC and the directive derived decree EN374, respectively, e.g. the above listed protection glove type. The mentioned permeation times' data were generated and verified with material samples of the recommended protection glove type in the scope of laboratory anylyses of the company KCL GmbH in compliance with EN374.

This recommendation refers exclusively to the material safety data sheet referenced product delivered by Akemi and the indicated field of application. In case of product dilution or in case of mixture with different substances or chemicals, and in condition of EN374 deviation the producer of CE-approved protection gloves must be contacted for detailed information (e.g., KCL GmbH, Germany, 36124 Eichenzell, internet: http://www.kcl.de).



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration

times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level \leq 1, 10 min

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

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· For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are

suitable:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Camatril (KCL, Art_No. 730, 731, 732, 733)

· As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are

suitable:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Camatril (KCL, 730, 731, 732, 733)

· Not suitable are gloves made of

the following materials:

Natural rubber, NR Chloroprene rubber, CR Leather gloves

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| General Information | id chemical properties |
|---|--|
| · Appearance: | |
| Form: | Aerosol |
| Colour: | White |
| · Odour: | Specific type |
| · pH-value: | Not applicable |
| Change in condition | |
| Melting point/freezing point: | Undetermined. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not applicable, as aerosol. |
| · Flash point: | Not applicable, as aerosol. |
| · Ignition temperature: | 240 °C |
| · Auto-ignition temperature: | Product is not selfigniting. |
| · Explosive properties: | In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. |
| Explosion limits: | |
| Lower: | 1.2 Vol % |
| Upper: | 26.2 Vol % |
| · Vapour pressure at 20 °C: | 8,300 hPa |
| · Density at 20 °C: | 0.76 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility in / Miscibility with | |
| water: | Not miscible or difficult to mix. |
| · Viscosity: | |
| Dynamic: | Not determined. |
| Kinematic: | Not determined. |
| - Solvent content: | |
| Organic solvents: | 91.6 % |
| 9.2 Other information | No further relevant information available. |

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability · Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions No dangerous reactions known.

No further relevant information available. · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available. · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxic | city | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| · LD/LC50 v | /alues relevant f | for classification: |
| ATE (Acu | te Toxicity Esti | imates) |
| Dermal | LD50 | 146,573 mg/kg |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | 465-491 mg/l (rat) |
| 67-64-1 ad | cetone | |
| Oral | LD50 | 5,800 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) |
| | NOEL | 900 mg/kg (rat) |
| Dermal | LD50 | 15,688 mg/kg (rat) |
| | | >15,800 mg/kg (rbt) |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | 76 mg/l (rat) |
| | NOAEL | 22,500 mg/m³ (rat) |
| | LC50/48h | 8,450 mg/l (cru) |
| | | 2,262 mg/l (daphnia magna) |
| 115-10-6 | dimethyl ether | |
| Inhalative | LC50/4h | 164,000 mg/m3 (rat) |
| | LC50/4 h | 308 mg/l (rat) |
| | LC50/48h | >4,000 mg/l (daphnia magna) |
| 106-97-8 I | outane | |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | 658 mg/l (rat) |
| 123-86-4 ו | n-butyl acetate | |
| Oral | LD50 | 10,800 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 423) |
| Dermal | LD50 | >17,600 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402) |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | >21 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403) |
| | LC50 | 390 mg/m3 (rat) |
| | LC50/48h | 64 mg/l (Brachydanio rerio) |
| 108-65-6 | 2-methoxy-1-m | ethylethyl acetate |
| Oral | LD50 | 8,532 mg/kg (rat) |
| | NOAEL-Werte | 1,500 mg/kg (rat) |
| Dermal | LD50 | >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) |
| | | >2,000 mg/kg (rat) |
| Inhalative | LC50/4h | >10,000 mg/m3 (rat) |
| | | (Contd. on page 1) |

(Contd. on page 11)



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| | | (Conto | d. of page |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | LC50 | >23.8 mg/l (rat) | |
| | LC50/4 h | 35.7 mg/l (rat) | |
| | LC50/48h | 100 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) | |
| 75-28-5 is | obutane | | |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | >50 mg/l (rat) | |
| 64-17-5 et | hanol | | |
| Oral | LD50 | 10,470 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) | |
| | NOAEL-Werte | >3,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 451) | |
| Dermal | LD50 | >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402) | |
| Inhalative | LC50/4h | 20,000 mg/m3 (rat) | |
| | LC50/4 h | 120 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403) | |
| | LC50/48h | 5,012 mg/l (ceriodaphnia Dubai) | |
| | | 12,340 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| | | 8,150 mg/l (Leuciscus idus) | |

· Primary irritant effect:

Inhalative LC50/4h

LD50

LD50

LC50/4 h

Oral

Dermal

· Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

3,523 mg/kg (rat)

2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

29,000 mg/m3 (rat)

6.35-6.7 mg/l (rat)

· Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Aspiration hazard

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

| 12.1 TOXIO | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Aquatic toxi | <u>city:</u> |
| 67-64-1 ace | etone |
| EC50/96h | 7,200 mg/l (green alge) |
| | 8,300 mg/l (piscis) |
| | 8,300 mg/l (lepomis macrochirus) |
| | 7,500 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum) |
| EC50 | 1,700 mg/l (bacteria) |
| LC50 | 6,368 mg/l (piscis) |
| EC5/16h | 1,700 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) |
| EC5/72h | 28 mg/l (Entosiphon sulcatum) |
| EC5/8d | 530 mg/l (Microcystis aeruginosa) |
| IC5/8d | 7,500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda) |
| EC50/48h | 3,400 mg/l (green alge) |
| | 8,800 mg/l (daphnia magna) |
| | (Contd. on page 1) |



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|----------------|--|--------------------|
| ade name: Le | ttering Colours White | |
| | | (Contd. of page 1 |
| NOEC | 1,700 mg/kg (pseudomonas putida) | · - |
| | 4,740 mg/kg (selenastrum capricornutum) | |
| NOELR/28d | 2,212 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| EC50/48h | 12,600 mg/l (Danio rerio.) | |
| | 6,100 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| LC50/96h | 8,300 mg/l (lem) | |
| | 8,300 mg/l (lepomis macrochirus) | |
| | 7,500 mg/l (Leuciscus idus) | |
| | 5,540 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | |
| | 8,120 mg/l (Pimephales promelas) | |
| 115-10-6 din | · , , , | |
| EC50/96h | 154.9 mg/l (green alge) | |
| | >4,000 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) | |
| | 154.917 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) | |
| EC50/48h | >4,000 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| LC50/96h | >4,000 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) | |
| 123-86-4 n-b | · , | |
| EC50/24h | 72.8 mg/l (daphnia magna) (DIN 38412) | |
| EC50/96h | 320 mg/l (green alge) | |
| LC50/24h | 205 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| IC50/72h | 648 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) | |
| EC10/18h | 959 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) | |
| EC50/48h | 44 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| EC50/16h | 959 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) | |
| NOEC | 200 mg/kg (Desmodesmus subspicatus) | |
| EC50/72h | 647.7 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (Zellvermehrungshemmtest) | |
| EC30/1211 | 674 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus) | |
| LC50/96h | · , | |
| LC30/96H | 62 mg/l (Danio rerio.) 81 mg/l (piscis) | |
| | - · · · · | |
| | 100 mg/l (lepomis macrochirus) | |
| | 62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus) (DIN 38412) | |
| 108-65-6 2-n | 18 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (OECD 203) nethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | |
| EC50 | >100 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| LC50 | 63.5 mg/l (Oryzias latipes) | |
| EC50/48h | 408 mg/l (daphnia magna) (RL 67/548/EWG. Anhang V, C.2.) | |
| ErC50/72h | >1,000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201) | |
| EC20/0.5h | >1,000 mg/l (BES) (OECD 209) | |
| NOEC | 47.5 mg/l (Oryzias latipes) | |
| NOEC/21d | ≥100 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| EC10 | >1,000 mg/l (BES) | |
| LC50/96h | 134 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | |
| E000/3011 | 161 mg/l (Pimephales promelas) | |
| 64-17-5 etha | - , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| LC50/24h | 11,200 mg/l (Salmo gairdneri) | |
| EC50/48h | 9,268-14,221 mg/l (daphnia magna) | |
| | -, · ·, · ··· g ·· (*sp·····s · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (Contd. on page |



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12,900 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum) (OECD 201) (Contd. of page 12)

EC0 6,500 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)

5,000 mg/l (scenedesmus quadricauda)

EC10 11.5 mg/l (CHV)

EC50/72h 275 mg/l (CHV) (OECD 201)

LC50/96h 13,000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 203)

15,300 mg/l (pimephales promelas)

reaction mass of ethylbenzole and xylole

LC50/24h 1 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/48h 3.2-9.5 mg/l (daphnia magna)

NOEC 16 mg/l (BES)

1.3 mg/l (piscis)

NOELR/72h 0.44 mg/l (green alge) NOELR/28d 16 mg/l (bacteria)

EC50/72h 2.2 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)
LC50/96h 2.6 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.9-16.4 mg/l (pimephales promelas)

· 12.2 Persistence and

degradability
No further relevant information available.
No further relevant information available.

· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential · 12.4 Mobility in soil

No further relevant information available.

· Additional ecological information:

General notes: Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for

water

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

▶ PBT: Not applicable.▶ vPvB: Not applicable.

• 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

15 01 10*

• Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to

reach sewage system.

packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

| European | waste catalogue |
|------------------------------|---|
| 08 00 00 | WASTES FROM THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, SUPPLY AND USE (MFSU) OF COATINGS (PAINTS, VARNISHES AND VITREOUS ENAMELS), ADHESIVES, SEALANTS AND PRINTING INKS |
| 08 01 00 | wastes from MFSU and removal of paint and varnish |
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |
| 15 00 00 | WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED |
| 15 01 00 | packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste) |
| 15 01 04 | metallic packaging |
| 15 00 00 | WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED |
| 15 01 00 | packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste) |

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(Contd. of page 13)

· Uncleaned packaging:

• Recommendation: Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after

thorough and proper cleaning.

Recommended cleansing agents: Alcohol

acetone

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR 1950 AEROSOLS
· IMDG AEROSOLS

· <u>IATA</u> AEROSOLS, flammable

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· <u>Class</u> 2 5F Gases.

· Label 2.1

· IMDG, IATA



· Class
 · Label
 2.1
 2.1

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA Void

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant: No

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Gases.

· Danger code (Kemler):

- EMS Number: F-D,S-U

• Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat.

SW22 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Category A. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Category B. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Category C, Clear of living

quarters.

Segregation Code
 SG69 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre:

Segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except

for division 1.4.

For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre:

Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.

For WASTE AEROSOLS:

Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.

· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable.

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· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 1L

Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

Transport categoryTunnel restriction codeD

· IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ)

· Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances -

ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

Seveso category P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the

application of lower-tier

requirements 150 t

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the

application of upper-tier

<u>requirements</u> 500 t

- REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006

ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3

· National regulations:

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be

observed.

· Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

- VOC EU 688.6 g/l

· 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases
 H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

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(Contd. of page 15) H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Recommended restriction of use refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

Laboratory Department issuing SDS:

Dieter Zimmermann · Contact:

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RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de · Abbreviations and acronyms:

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (RÈACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Gas 1: Flammable gases - Category 1

Aerosol 1: Aerosols – Category 1 Press. Gas (Comp.): Gases under pressure – Compressed gas

Flam. Liq. 1: Flammable liquids - Category 1 Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids - Category 3 Flam. Sol. 1: Flammable solids - Category 1 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Data compared to the previous

version altered. Adaptation in accordance with REACH directive 1907/2006/EC